

MORTON IN NEW YORK

HEAD OF THE EQUITABLE IN CONFERENCE TODAY.

Statement Related to Allegation of Men Drawing Salaries Not Now in Company's Service.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Paul Morton returned from Washington today and resumed his work as chairman of the Equitable Society. He was in conference during the morning with representative of the expert accountants, who are making an investigation of the Equitable affairs under his direction.

Mr. Morton said through his secretary he had not accepted any further resignations, nor would he intimate when he intends to take such action. From this time until the end of the month, when he returns to Washington to formally sever his connection with the Navy Department, Mr. Morton will remain in town. He has indicated that he proposes to hold the office through the heated term, allowing himself only brief week-end vacations.

Concerning the men whose names were said to be in the salary list of the Equitable Society, though no longer in the service of the company, Chairman Paul Morton today made public the following statement:

Statement Issued.

"Dr. E. W. Lambert was the first medical director of the Equitable. He died July 17, 1904, having served for forty-five years as chief medical director. His salary was \$25,000 per annum, and it was continued and paid to his widow up to and including December, 1904, since which time nothing has been paid.

"Dr. Edward Curtis was elected medical director in September, 1904, and was retired February, 1904, on account of a stroke of paralysis, but with the understanding that the society could avail itself of his services as consulting medical director. As medical director he received a salary of \$15,000 a year, which was continued until January 1, 1905, at which time, owing to his inability to perform active service, it was reduced to \$10,000 per annum. This sum is still being paid to him.

"Dr. Lorien Ames was the first clerk employed by the Equitable in 1859. He served the society for forty-five years in positions of trust and for more than twenty-five years was chief of the society's security department. In charge of its vaults. His salary was \$3,500 per annum, and on April 3, 1903, he left the society on account of ill health and his salary was continued as a pension.

"George H. Spillane came with the society in September, 1859. His salary in 1904 was \$30,000. During August of last year he lost a leg and was temporarily incapacitated for work. The executive committee granted him six months' leave of absence without pay, which expired on March 1, 1905, since which time he has been on the pay roll at \$10,000 per month, but by whose authority I have not yet been able to find out.

Secretary Morton has gone again to New York city, having practically relinquished control of the affairs of the Navy Department. He is not expected back until next Monday, and then only for the purpose of assisting in the induction into office of his successor, Mr. Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland. Meanwhile Assistant Secretary Hamilton will direct the affairs of the naval establishment.

WOMAN TO HANG.

Found Guilty of Murder of Husband at Liberty, Mo.

KANSAS CITY, June 24.—Mrs. Aggie Myers, who was found guilty at Liberty, Mo., recently of murder in the first degree, was today refused a new trial and was sentenced to be hanged on August 11. An appeal will be taken to the state supreme court.

Mrs. Myers was convicted, with Frank Hottman, who was infatuated with her, of killing the woman's husband, Clarence Myers, a printer, at their home in this city in May, 1904.

Hottman, who is now under sentence of death for his part in the crime, testified at the woman's trial that he urged her to kill Myers, had let him into their home on the night of the murder, had given her a sedative to put him to sleep, and then, while he was asleep, she had strangled him with the head with which she had strangled him and then slashed his throat and back with scissors and a razor.

Hottman had first stunned Myers with a billiard cue. Hottman was arrested in Montana, where he had escaped on money furnished by Mrs. Myers.

Since her arrest Mrs. Myers has shown practically no emotion, and when sentence was passed today she smiled.

American Oarsmen Off for Europe.

NEW YORK, June 24.—John F. Mulahey and William Varley, the champion double scull oarsmen, sailed on the steamer Patria today to compete in the royal international regatta at Hamburg.

Ostend Chess Tourney.

OSTEND, Belgium, June 24.—The chess experts today began play in the tenth round of the international tournament. When time was called at 10:30 o'clock Wolfe had beaten Taubenhoff, Janowski had disposed of Leonhardt, and the other games were Blackburne and Schlechter and Marco and Marshall were drawn.

Fatal Case of Bubonic Plague.

PANAMA, June 24.—A fatal case of bubonic plague occurred at La Boca yesterday. The constant arrival of steamers from infected South American ports, which are received at La Boca without any extra precautions being taken, must be a source of contagion. The dead man had been working on board the British steamer Chili, which the authorities of Guayaquil would not allow to enter that port. The companions of the deceased laborer have been isolated. Rats taken from the steamer Chili are now being examined at Ancon.

Col. Gorgas, chief sanitary officer of the Panama canal zone, officially informed the Associated Press that though the clinical and bacteriological aspects of the body do not show positively that the man died from bubonic plague, yet he suspects it is a case of plague. The house in which the man lived has been thoroughly disinfected, and the persons who were in contact with him are under observation. Col. Gorgas says the disease must have been contracted on board the Chili.

La Boca is three miles from Panama, and the measures taken will prevent the spread of the disease should it turn out to be bubonic plague. There have been no deaths from yellow fever yesterday.

Thirty Drowned at Vigo, Spain.

VIGO, Spain, June 24.—Advices received here today from the Minho river, which separates the northern part of Portugal from Spain) say that thirty Spaniards were returning to Salvaterra, Spain, after attending a Corpus Christi celebration at Moncazo, Portugal, were drowned Thursday through the capsizing of a boat on which they were passengers.

Embezzlement Charge Dismissed.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 24.—The case of the state of Minnesota against William I. Stine, charged with the embezzlement from the estate of the late superintendent, Walter L. Scott, of the Omaha railroad, has been dismissed by County Prosecuting Attorney Kane for lack of evidence strong enough to convict. Mr. Kane told the court that important witnesses whom he relied upon to testify lived in Pennsylvania and refused to come to Minnesota. Stine was Mr. Scott's private secretary.

DEPUTY MARSHAL SHOT.

Probably Fatal Shooting at Raleigh Over Young Woman.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 24.—John Dockery, chief deputy in the United States marshal's office in the Raleigh, was shot in the breast and right arm today by Police Officer I. W. Rogers, and the policeman was wounded in the left leg. The shooting occurred on the stairway of the Tucker building, the most prominent office building in Raleigh, at 10 o'clock this morning.

The cause of the shooting was the alleged intimacy between young Dockery and Rogers' daughter. Dockery was taken to the hospital in a desperate condition, and it is feared he is fatally wounded. Rogers was immediately taken into custody by the sheriff and placed in Wade county jail.

WOODMEN'S CONVENTION.

Closed at Milwaukee Today After Installation Exercises.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 24.—The convention of Modern Woodmen of America came to a close today with the installation of officers and the adoption of the usual resolutions.

Among the important matters of legislation added upon by the convention during the week were the following:

The admission of metal miners and rail-roads to membership; the adoption of a table of rates for extra hazardous risks; the admission of employees of brewers and distillers not directly engaged in the manufacture of liquors and the exclusion of officers and stockholders of such institutions from membership; the adoption of a system of inspection of risks under the direction of the medical department; the adoption of a by-law providing for triennial instead of biennial conventions of the head camp; the selection of Peoria, Ill., as the meeting place for 1908; the unanimous adoption of a committee report recommending that the question of revising the rates of assessment be brought to the attention of the 1908 meeting in form for definite action; the admission of societies working territory; directing that no private bank shall be named depository for societies' funds; increasing the bond of the head banker from half a million to a million dollars.

YALE-HARVARD BASE BALL.

Proposition From Former to Latter to Make Game Final.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 24.—The Yale base ball management today made a telephone proposition to the Harvard base ball management, suggesting that the game to be played here on Tuesday be the final one of the series. The agreement for the Yale-Harvard base ball series calls for a third game on neutral grounds in case of a tie. Yale's argument is that no tie exists if Yale wins next Tuesday, because she will have won one of the two games originally arranged for, and Harvard will have won none.

A dispatch from Cambridge last Thursday night, after the game on Soldiers' Field, saying that the captains and coaches of both teams had decided to call the game played that afternoon no game because it was a tie, was incorrect. Harvard made the proposition to declare the game null and void, but Yale would not agree.

The Harvard-Yale matter can be settled amicably. It is understood that Harvard wishes to have the second game played at Cambridge Saturday, July 1, and the third game, in case of a tie, in New York, the date to be arranged later.

SPECIAL TRAIN FOR MAIL.

Notable Exploit to Accommodate Australian Mail.

CHICAGO, June 24.—In order to catch the steamship Euribia, which is held four hours over time in New York, at the request of the United States Post Office Department, 34 sealed sacks of mail originating in Australia are racing across the continent so as to make up two days lost through a delay in the arrival of the Ventura at San Francisco.

There is no obligation on the part of the United States postal authorities or the railroads which carry the mail to make up these two days, and it is done, through the combined efforts of the telegraph, the mail, the express, and the Australian mail which crosses the continent every four weeks, never has been late.

It is not known what delayed the Ventura, but the steamship reached port two days late. The mail sacks, the seals of which are not broken from the time they leave Australia until they arrive in England, weigh 18 pounds apiece. They left San Francisco a few hours after the vessel reached port, but it was found they could not make connection with the Burlington train from Chicago's place of business.

Traffic Manager Eustis of the Burlington agreed to run a special train for the mail sacks. They have left Chicago on their way east.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTION.

Restraining "Penny" Road From Elevating Tracks in Camden.

CAMDEN, N. J., June 24.—Vice Chancellor Gray has granted a temporary injunction restraining the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from continuing the elevation of its tracks along Bridge avenue of this city. The application was made by J. C. Dams, a property owner, who alleges that the improvement prevents him from making use of the thoroughfare.

It appears that when the railroad company decided to elevate its tracks through Camden it purchased all of the property along Bridge avenue except Dubosq's, which was rejected because of the excessive valuation placed upon it. The retaining wall erected by the company stands only six feet from Dubosq's place of business.

The application will be argued on July 3.

Wynne Sailed for England.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Robert J. Wynne, the American consul general at London, sailed for England today on the steamer Philadelphia.

Steamship Movements.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Steamer Celtic, from Liverpool, is reported by the Nantucket Lightship at 6 a. m. The Celtic will probably dock about 8 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Train Robber Sentenced.

PHILIPSBURG, Mont., June 24.—George Hammond, the Beasmouth train robber, has been convicted on his second trial in connection with the famous hold-up on the Northern Pacific railroad. The jury fixed his sentence at one year.

Bottle Makers' to Meet in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 24.—Glass bottle manufacturers of Pittsburg and the west will meet in this city next Wednesday, June 28, to complete the organization of a national association to take the place of the American Bottle Society, which has recently dissolved.

Mother Killed Her Child and Self.

FINDLAY, Ohio, June 24.—Despondent over a long illness, Mrs. Alois Shields today shot and killed her twelve-year-old daughter, Nellie, and then killed herself.

DISSOLUTION OF UNION

ELEMENT IN SWEDISH RIKSDAG WOULD OPPOSE NORWAY.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, June 24.—The uncompromising element in the riksdag is actively prosecuting a campaign in favor of presenting to Norway demands representing Sweden's irreducible minimum and obtaining guarantees from Norway before passing the bill conferring on the government powers to negotiate terms for the formal separation of Norway and Sweden. This faction considers that the government ought to be authorized to contract an emergency loan of \$25,000,000 and mobilize troops to support Sweden's demands.

The government, however, has still the strong, united backing of the moderate party, which is prepared to entrust the king and the ministry with the power of concluding negotiations in regard to the necessity for the guarantees to be given for a dissolution of the union.

BIG ATHLETIC MEET.

Over 2,800 Present in Camp and No Serious Sickness.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 24.—Notwithstanding the two days of work in marching and field contests, there has not been a serious case of illness among the 2,854 athletes assembled on the fair grounds for the North American Gymnastic Union festival. Not a serious accident has occurred.

The program for this, the closing day of the contests, included the spectacular mass features, and the crowd of visitors in the city increased to an estimated 25,000 people. While the grand stand near the athletic field held 6,000, its capacity was exhausted several times.

The work began at 8 o'clock with group work in field sports and athletic events, including fencing, wrestling, pole vaulting, putting the shot, jumping and rope climbing. There was also a swimming contest at Broad Ripple park.

Following this work came mass exercises by the seniors, young women's and active turners' classes, 225-yard runs, 400-yard relay race, teams contesting with four men each, model sailing, visitors' teams. The program brought on the field the St. Louis district in mass pyramids, the New York district of eight parallel bars, the Swedish gymnastic societies in groupings, the Germany team on side and long horse work and the North Cincinnati Turnverein ladies' team, forty-eight in number, in Gilbert dancing.

The program will conclude late today with a massing of the 2,800 athletes in wand, dumb-bell and other exercises under the direction of Hugo Fischer, the festival director.

AFTER AN AUTO RECORD.

Trial at Yonkers to Beat 1,000-Mile Race Time.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Guy Vaughan, who started yesterday at the Empire City race track at Yonkers in a second attempt to break the thousand-mile automobile record, had covered 850 miles at 9:30 this morning. This is 2 hours, 4 minutes and 50 seconds ahead of the record established last April by Charles G. Wridgway at the Brighton Beach track.

THREE GIRLS DROWNED.

Lost Their Lives While Boating in Frail Craft.

DETROIT, Mich., June 24.—An Evening News special from Petoskey, Mich., says: Gladys Howe, aged fifteen; Edna Van Amberg, aged thirteen, and Alma Parker, aged fourteen, were drowned in Walloon lake yesterday. The three girls had gone rowing with Henry Bathke and R. A. Van Amberg in an old boat that they found on the shore. When they had pushed off into deep water the frames of the old boat began to give way. As the water poured through big gaps in its sides the terrified girls stood upon the seats. Gladys Howe and Edna Van Amberg sank, with their arms locked around each other's neck.

Not till the girls were seen to rise after they had been pushed off into deep water did Bathke manage to grasp Van Amberg, and the two men were saved by clinging to the sides of the boat. The girls were relieved of the weight of the three girls.

Bona Fide Circulation.

Nearly everybody in Washington reads The Sunday Star. Last Sunday's circulation was by far the largest, the best and the only sworn circulation in the District of Columbia.

The advertiser is entitled to know the circulation of any paper in which he advertises.

The circulation of The Sunday Star on June 18, 1905, was 29,219.

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents the number of copies of The Sunday Star circulated on June 18, 1905—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished and mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted are free or sample copies and none are returned, except in the case of several hundred sent to the urban agents, from whom a few returns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

J. WHIT, HERRON, Business Manager, The Evening Star Newspaper Company, Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-fourth day of June, A. D. 1905.

W. SPENCER ARMSTRONG, (Seal.) Notary Public, D. C.

Circulation of The "Evening Star."

The sworn statement below shows that the circulation of The Star is what it is claimed to be. The Star's circulation is much greater than that of any other paper published in Washington, and The Star is read more thoroughly than has any other paper published in Washington, whether morning or evening. Seven thousand of the Star's regular subscribers take no other Washington paper whatever, depending upon The Star alone for news and advertising.

SATURDAY, June 17, 1905..... 29,349
MONDAY, June 19, 1905..... 29,885
TUESDAY, June 20, 1905..... 34,009
WEDNESDAY, June 21, 1905..... 33,934
THURSDAY, June 22, 1905..... 33,755
FRIDAY, June 23, 1905..... 33,508
Total..... 207,440
Daily average..... 34,573

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, June 23, 1905—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or remain in the office unsold.

J. WHIT, HERRON, Business Manager, The Evening Star Newspaper Company, Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-fourth day of June, A. D. 1905.

W. SPENCER ARMSTRONG, (Seal.) Notary Public, D. C.

PLANS FOR CELEBRATION.

Kensington Citizens Arranging Fourth of July Program—Personal Mention.

Special Correspondence of The Star. KENSINGTON, N. J., June 24, 1905. At a meeting of Kensington citizens, held in the town hall last night, for the purpose of perfecting plans for the Fourth of July celebration to be held here this year, the committees appointed by Mayor Eckhardt were enlarged and authorized to carry into effect their respective parts of the celebration.

This meeting was presided over by Mr. David H. Fenton, and Capt. Arthur Hendricks acted as secretary.

The committees as enlarged now are: Arrangements—Messrs. David H. Fenton, Byron A. Chapin, Walter A. Johnston, Arthur Hendricks, Dr. Eugene Jones and Alfred C. Warthen.

Finance—Brainard H. Warner, J. Phillip Mann, George W. Chamberlain, Dr. William L. Lewis, Watson W. Eldridge, C. W. Clum, Elmer A. Forbes and B. H. Warner, Jr.

Fireworks—Harry C. Armstrong, Frank T. Chapman, J. Harry Cunningham, Frank E. Potts, E. C. Brumpton, George H. Snyder and R. R. Palmer.

Final plans for the celebration could not be announced, as it yet remains for the committees to perfect the details. It is assumed, however, that a good game of baseball, speeches and fireworks will be among the attractions of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Abraham left yesterday for Philadelphia, where they sailed on the American Line steamship Friesland for London. They will remain abroad about three months, visiting the British Isles and France. Mr. Abraham is the local justice of the peace. He served the confederacy during the civil war in both the army and navy. The Steward Club, Dr. Daughters of Comfort, recently bestowed upon him a cross of honor, made from a cannon known as "Long Tom," which had been captured at Fort Fisher by the federal troops, and later returned to the southern states.

Carroll A. Marthen and Arthur G. Harr have returned to their homes here, after attending the Maryland Agricultural College for the past session.

Dr. Edwin R. Hodge and family have again resumed their residence here and are residing at their home on Kent street.

Mr. Phillip McQueen, who recently returned from Lehigh College, leaves here tomorrow for Morgantown, W. Va., where he will spend the summer with a party of Baltimore and Ohio railroad civil engineers.

Mr. Harry F. Cunningham, who has completed his course at the Maryland High School, will spend the summer with an engineering party for the Erie railroad.

SIX OVERCOME BY GAS.

Occupants of a Chicago Boarding House—Two May Die.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Six persons were overcome by gas today in a boarding house kept by Mrs. Katherine Marik, at South Chicago. All were unconscious, and it was at first feared none would survive.

Physicians, however, succeeded in resuscitating all of the six, and said all would probably recover except George Marik and Mrs. Marik. The gas came from oven jets in the kitchen stove.

Died From Skipping Rope.

APPLETON, Wis., June 24.—Under peculiar circumstances nine-year-old Marla Merrick met sudden death today. She was skipping a rope, and as she reached the hundredth mark she said, "I have finished." Almost before she had ceased speaking the child dropped dead.

SWIMMING CONTEST.

Massachusetts Man Won in Half-Mile—Prizes Tomorrow.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 24.—In the swimming contest today Otto Muenzer of Lawrence, Mass., was first and Walter Wittich of Milwaukee, second. Muenzer's time was 14:25. The distance was one half mile.

The meeting place of the festival next year will be fixed at a delegate convention to be held at Newark, N. J., next winter. The prizes for the festival contest will be awarded tomorrow, when the decision of the judges will be announced.

Celerite Won the Race.

PARIS, June 24.—Wm. K. Vanderbilt's Celerite won the Prix Belvedere at the St. Cloud races today.

School Directors Sent to Jail.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., June 24.—Jose and Plus Hiersen, David Feist, Jacob Noll and George Holvey, school directors of Shenandoah, were today sentenced to serve one year in jail for bribery and conspiracy. The men pleaded guilty of accepting bribes for their influence in the appointment of school teachers.

Proposed New Southern Lines.

Plans are already under way at New York for the construction of two new lines for the Southern railway, both of them running in a northwesterly direction from western North Carolina to eastern Tennessee. Samuel Spencer, president of the road, said today that the lines were intended to accommodate the growing business, especially in timber, in that territory.

The Johnson City Southern railway, which is to be made a connection between Marysville, Tenn., and Bushnell, N. C. This route will not penetrate Rabun Gap, as reported. It will pass through another gap in the mountains.

War as an Advertisement.

From Wade's Fiber and Fabric. The war between Russia and Japan, now practically at an end, may be regarded as the most stupendous advertisement of modern times—if not, indeed, in the whole history of the world.

It has advertised for the Russian nobility, their land hunger, their disregard of solemn pledges, their boastfulness and their incapacity to lead their forces to victory on land or on sea.

It has advertised for the Russian people their terribly oppressed condition, and has turned so fierce a glare of publicity upon them that for some time their rulers must consider the possibility of their own overthrow. It has advertised for the Japanese, their previously unsuspected ability in the use of naval equipment, the wonderful capacity of their medical department in time of war, their dignity and moderation as victors.

It has advertised, likewise, the tremendous possibilities of the vast empire of China, as a factor of immense importance in all future considerations of the far east, whether commercially or otherwise. Finally, it has advertised to every thinking man in this country, in Great Britain and in the United States, the enormous influence that what Japan has done, and done so admirably, there is a lesson of becoming humility to all other peoples on the earth.

The immensely wide publicity in other words, the advertising of this great war has been such as to change the aspect of the whole world for all mankind. By as much as we now have more just appreciation of those who dwell in the great areas abutting upon the western shores of the Pacific ocean—by as much as we hold them in increasing respect because of the events of recent months—by just so much are we broadened in our conception of what the future of the world may be, and how likewise are we taught the truer patriotism of moderating our own national self-esteem.

The Muskogean county (Mich.) poorhouse burned last night as a result of the explosion of a gasoline tank. Most of the 100 inmates were gotten out without injury. Loss on the building, \$75,000; insurance, \$48,000.

MR. PALMER'S DENIAL

DISPUTES RUMOR REGARDING PURCHASE OF TYPESETTERS.

Transaction Was Open and Machines Bought After Due Inspection—No Politics in It.

The letting of the contract for seventy-two Lanston monotype machines for the government printing office has created some little discussion among the operators of typesetting devices of the monotype and Linotype patterns. It is regarded in some quarters as rather a strong move on the part of the public printer to install the monotype machine as opposed to the Linotype, and some criticism has been provoked. The president of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, Mr. Philip T. Dodge, was in the city yesterday to look after the matter.

It was charged that the purchase of the opposition machines was made by the public printer without requisition from the foreman of printing of the office, and that such requisition was necessary before such machinery could be purchased. It is understood that Mr. Dodge was shown the section of the law which gives the public printer, in which due authority is given him to purchase all machinery for the use of the office, irrespective of requisition on his personal responsibility.

It is alleged by the adherents of the Mergenthaler machine that the Lanston device is more expensive to operate than their own machine, this claim being based on the fact that it requires two men to operate a monotype, and only one for the Linotype. Mr. Dodge also alleged that politics had something to do with the matter of the contract, but he has been let now, however, and there is nothing to be done about it, unless the machines are not delivered at the appointed time.

Denial by Public Printer.

Public Printer Palmer denies that the transactions of his office with the Lanston people were anything but open or that the machines were purchased without due examination. He declares that politics had nothing to do with the purchase. The Lanston machines are better adapted to the requirements of the particular sections of the office for which they have been purchased, he says.

"So far as the machine itself is concerned, the mere fact that I awarded this contract is sufficient guarantee of my own belief in its ability to do the work," said Mr. Dodge. "I have no reason to believe that it is not a practical printer in all that I have, and I do not propose to injure that by any official act. I have given this machine a thorough test, extending over a period of nine months, although I was at first more favorably impressed with the Linotype machine. The Lanston, however, is especially adapted to book work, and I corresponded with book publishers throughout the country who use the machine, and received not one complaint.

A Newspaper Machine.

"The Linotype machine is essentially a newspaper machine and speedier than the monotype, but I found that the Lanston was capable of better speed than the makers put upon it. When we first got the machines their capacity was fixed at 3,000 ems per hour, but in a group of ten operators we set 7,500 ems per hour, eight hours a day, for eighteen consecutive days. That speed cannot be complained of by any printer.

"We want these machines for book work, and they meet every requirement that we have made of them, and the requirements of the government printing office are by no means light. Among the advantages of the monotype that the government printer has in its conditions nicely is its ability to set tabular work, which cannot be done by any other machine.

"These machines cost \$3,210 each, and for the forty-six Mergenthalers now in use we paid \$3,900 each. Everything being equal, the cost of operating the machines is about the same. The contract made with the companies fixes a five months' time limit for the delivery of the machines, but they will be delivered in groups, the first group being promised in about two months.

"Of course, the introduction of seventy-two machines will eventually result in a reduction of the permanent force of the office, and will effect a material saving in the annual expenses of the largest printing office in the world. This contract, I wish to say, is not an advertisement. The whole thing is open to the most rigid inspection and can be reviewed by any person properly entitled to inspect the work of the office."

Ordination Ceremony.

The Franciscan Monastery at Brookland was the scene of the most impressive ordination ceremony this morning at 7 o'clock. Most Rev. Monsignor Falconio, the papal ablegate, who is a member of the Franciscan order, ordained the candidates and was also the celebrant of the mass.

Among those ordained were five clerics of the Maryland diocese, the Catholic University, and three from the same congregation were ordained deacons. Ten clerics of the Franciscan order were made deacons.

Wrist Nearly Severed.

While working at a slaughter house at Jackson City, Va., this morning, John T. Tyler of 815 23d street northwest had his wrist nearly severed. Two men were working together, and one of them plunged a knife toward the piece of meat, and accidentally cut the other's wrist. Tyler went to the Emergency Hospital, where his wound was dressed. It is thought the hand can be saved.

Observance of Feasts.

Arrangements have been made for observing the feast of St. Aloysius and of Corpus Christi tomorrow at St. Aloysius Roman Catholic Church. There will be a fine musical program. The papal ablegate will be in attendance.

BANK CLERKS' HOLIDAY.

Large Crowd Goes to Marshall Hall Today.

In spite of a lowering sky, the bank clerks and their friends made a merry party that left this afternoon for Marshall Hall. In case the ground is not in condition the base ball game that was to be played will be postponed to some future time. The committee in charge, however, intend that the program shall not suffer in interest on this account, but will endeavor to provide a substitute that will amuse and interest the company.

A good time has been provided for, and that program is to be carried out.